

Duct Averaging Temperature Sensor

Active sensor (0...10 V) for measuring the averaging temperature in duct applications. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure. Supplied with one continuous sensing element across the whole length of the probe to ensure optimum accuracy and eliminate air stratification problems.





Type Overview

Туре	Output signal active temperature	Probe length
22MT-524	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	10 ft [3 m]
22MT-525	DC 05 V, DC 010 V	20 ft [6 m]

Technical Data					
Electrical Data	Power supply DC	1524 \	/, ±10%, 0.4 W		
	Power supply AC	24 V, , ±10%, 0.8 VA			
	Electrical connection	Removable spring loaded terminal block ma: 2.5 mm ²		ock max.	
	Cable entry	-	and with strain		nm (1/2"
Functional Data	Multirange	8 measu	ıring ranges sel	ectable	
	Output signal active note	output DC 05/10 V with jumper adjustable voltage output: min. 5 k Ω load		ustable	
	Application	air			
Measuring Data	Measuring values	tempera	ture		
	Measuring range temperature				
		Attentior	ensor: range se n: max. measuri d by max. fluid t ata)	ng temperatu	
		Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
		S0	-5050°C	-30130°F	Ū
		S1	-10120°C	0250°F	
		S2	050°C	40140°F	
		S3	0250°C	30480°F	
		S4	-1535°C	0100°F	
		S5	0100°C	40240°F	
		S6	-2080°C	4090°F	~
		S7	0160°C	0150°F	
	Accuracy temperature active ±0.9°F @ 70°F [±0.5°C @ 21°C]		@ 21°C]		
	Time constant t (63%) in the air duct	typical 1	00 s @ 0 m/s		



Technical data sheet	22MT-52
----------------------	---------

Ma	1	-	-	
N/I2	TOL	12	œ	

Cable gland	FAO, DIACK
Housing	cover: lexan, orange
	base: lexan, orange

seal: 0467 NBR70, black

Safety Data

	UV resistant
Ambient humidity	max. 95% r.H., non-condensing
Ambient temperature	-30120°F [-3550°C]
Fluid temperature	-60175°F [-5080°C]
Housing surface temperature	max. 160°F [70°C]
Protection class IEC/EN	III protective extra-low voltage (pelv)
Protection class UL	UL Class 2 Supply
EU Conformity	CE Marking
Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9, CAN/CSA E60730-1:02/-2-9
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65
Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X
Quality Standard	ISO 9001

Safety Notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General Remarks Concerning Sensors

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of the transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. This dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a recalibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board.

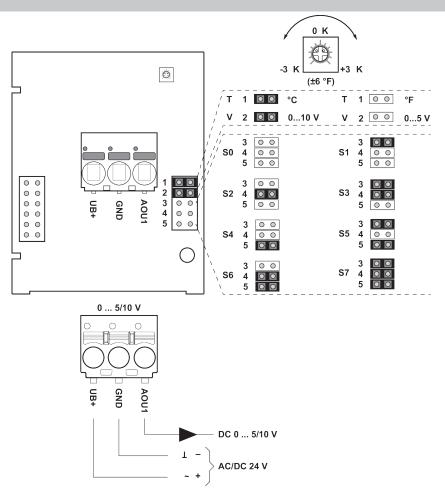


Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery

Description	Туре
Mounting plate S housing	A-22D-A09
Mounting kit, with mounting brackets	A-22D-A08
1/2" NPT conduit adapter	

Wiring Diagram

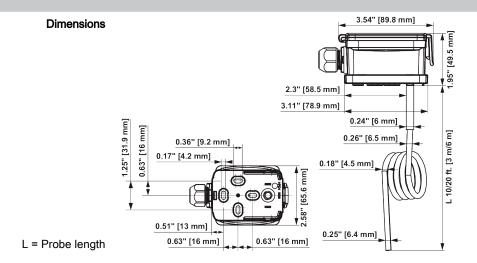


The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-5050°C	-30130°F	
S1	-10120°C	0250°F	
S2	050°C	40140°F	
S3	0250°C	30480°F	
S4	-1535°C	0100°F	
S5	0100°C	40240°F	
S6	-2080°C	4090°F	~
S7	0160°C	0150°F	



Dimensions



Туре	Probe length	Weight
22MT-524	10 ft [3 m]	0.49 lb [0.22 kg]
22MT-525	20 ft [6 m]	0.62 lb [0.28 kg]