





Technical Data	
Service	chilled or hot water, up to 60% glycol max
	(open loop/steam not allowed)
Flow Characteristic	equal percentage or linear
Valve Size	1.5 " [40]
End Fitting	NPT female ends
Body	forged brass, nickel plated
Sensor Housing	forged brass, nickel plated
Ball	stainless steel
Stem	stainless steel
Seat	Teflon® PTFE
Seat O-ring	EPDM
Characterized Disc	TEFZEL® or stainless steel
Body Pressure Rating 360 psi	
Media Temperature Range	14°F to 250°F [-10°C to 120°C]
(Water)	
Differential Pressure Range	5 to 50 psid, 1 to 50 psid (with flow
	reduction. See chart.), or 8 to 50 psid (with
	flow increase. See chart.)
Close-Off Pressure	200 psi
Inlet Length to Meet Specified	5X nominal pipe size (NPS)
Measurement Accuracy Ambient Humidity	<95% RH non-condensing
Flow Measurement Tolerance	+2%*
Flow Control Tolerance	±5%
Flow Measurement Repeatability	+0.5%
Sensor Technology	ultrasonic with glycol and temperature
Sensor recimology	compensation
Rangeability	100:1
Power Supply for the Flow Sensor	sensor is powered by the actuator
Weight	7.3 lb [3.3 kg]
GPM	38
Leakage	0%

Application

Water-side control of heating and cooling systems for AHUs and water coils. Equal Percentage/ Linear: heating and cooling applications.

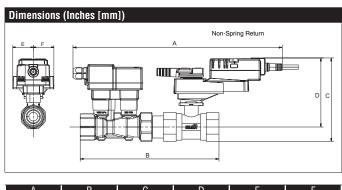
Operation

The Electronic Pressure Independent Control Valve is a two-way valve that maintains constant flow regardless of pressure variations in the system.

Product Features

Provides constant flow regardless of pressure variations in the system. Maximizes chiller P, preventing energizing additional chillers due to low T. Simplified valve sizing and selection, no Cv calculations required.

Suitable Actuators		
	Non-Spring	US only
P2150S-038	NR	4349



А	В	С	D	E	F
16.76"	10.78"	6.65" [169]	5.5" [140]	1.73	" [44]
[426]	[274]				

*All flow tolerances are at 68°F (20°C) & water.



[463]

[274]

Dimensions (Inches [mm])					
				onic Fail-Safe	
А	В	C I	D	F	E
18.23"	10.78"	8.75" [222]	7.63"		" [48]

[193.8]





Technical Data		
Power Supply	24 VAC, ±20%, 50/60 Hz, 24 VDC, ±10%	
Power Consumption Running	4.5 W	
Transformer Sizing	7 VA (class 2 power source)	
Electrical Connection	3ft [1m], 18 GA plenum cable with 1/2" conduit	
	connector	
Overload Protection	electronic thoughout 0° to 90° rotation	
Operating Range Y	2 to 10 VDC, 4 to 20 mA w/ ZG-R01 (500 $\Omega,$	
<u> </u>	1/4 W resistor)	
Input Impedance	100 kΩ (0.1 mA), 500 Ω	
Feedback Output U	DC 210 V	
Angle of Rotation	90°	
Torque motor	90 in-lbs [10 Nm]	
Direction of Rotation (Motor)	reversible with pc tool	
Position Indication	integrated into handle	
Manual Override	external push button	
Running Time (Motor)	90 sec	
Ambient Humidity	5 to 95% RH non condensing (EN 60730-1)	
Ambient Temperature Range	-22122 °F [-3050 °C]	
Storage Temperature Range	-40176 °F [-4080 °C]	
Housing	IP54, NEMA 2	
Housing Material	UL94-5VA	
Agency Listings†	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-14, CAN/CSA	
	E60730-1:02, CE acc. to 2004/108/EC and	
	2006/95/EC	
Noise Level (Motor)	max. 35 dB (A)	
Servicing	maintenance free	
Quality Standard	ISO 9001	
Weight	1.5 lb [0.7 kg]	

†Rated Impulse Voltage 800V, Type of action 1.AA, Control Pollution Degree 3



Wiring Diagrams

/2

 $\sqrt{3}$

4

/16

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🔀 INSTALLATION NOTES

Provide overload protection and disconnect as required.

Actuators may be connected in parallel. Power consumption and input impedance must be observed.

Actuators may also be powered by 24 VDC.

Actuators are provided with color coded wires. Wire numbers are provided for reference.

Actuators are provided with a numbered screw terminal strip instead of a cable.

IN4004 or IN4007 diode required

Meets cULus requirements without the need of an electrical ground connection.

WARNING! LIVE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS!

During installation, testing, servicing and troubleshooting of this product, it may be necessary to work with live electrical components. Have a qualified licensed electrician or other individual who has been properly trained in handling live electrical components perform these tasks. Failure to follow all electrical safety precautions when exposed to live electrical components could result in death or serious injury.

