Installation Guide **Power Monitoring**





DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local code
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment
- Any covers that may be displaced during the installation must be reinstalled before powering the unit.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.

DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury. A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of this electrical equipment and the installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. NEC Article 100

No responsibility is assumed by Veris Industries for any consequences arising out of the use of this material. The safety of any system incorporating this equipment is the responsibility of the

assembler of the system. Control system design must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to acheive a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and over-travel stop.

△ WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Assure that the system will reach a safe state during and after a control path failure
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions. Test the effect of transmission delays or failures of communication links.

Each implementation of equipment using communication links must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before placing it in service.

- Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage
- ional information about anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link, refer to
- NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition). Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid-State Control or its equivalent in your specific country, language, and/or location.

NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications. Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes. Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure

FCC PART 15 INFORMATION

ZL0109-0D

NOTE: This equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and found to J I: I nis equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and round to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Modifications to this product without the express authorization of the manufacturer nullify this statement.

For use in a Pollution Degree 2 or better environment only. A Pollution Degree 2 environment must control conductive pollution and the possibility of condensation or high humidity. Consider the enclosure, the correct use of ventilation, thermal properties of the equipment, and the relationship with the environment. Installation category: CAT II or CAT III. Provide a disconnect device to disconnect the meter from the supply source. Place this device in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator, and mark it as the disconnecting device. The disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3 and shall be suitable for the application. In the US and Canada, disconnecting fuse holders can be used. Provide overcurrent protection and disconecting device for supply conductors with approved current limiting devices suitable for protecting the wiring. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

E51H2, E51H5

Bi-Directional Compact Power and Energy Meter with BACnet MS/TP Support

Product Overview

The E51H2 and E51H5 DIN rail power meters provide a solution for measuring energy data with a single device. Inputs include control power, CT, and 3-phase voltage. Both models support BACnet MS/TP protocol. The E51H2 has one pulse contact input and a phase loss alarm output. The E51H5 has data logging capability and two pulse contact inputs. The LCD screen on the faceplate allows instant output viewing.

The E51 meters are capable of bidirectional metering. Power is monitored in both directions (upstream and downstream from the meter). The meter is housed in a plastic enclosure suitable for installation on T35 DIN rail according to EN 50022. The E51 can be mounted either on a DIN rail or in a panel. Observe correct CT orientation when installing the device.

Product Identification

| Model | BACnet MS/TP Protocol Output | Alarm Output | Full Data Set | Data Logging | Pulse Input |
|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| E51H2 | • | • | • | | • |
| E51H5 | | | • | • | • (2 pulses) |

Specifications

| MEASUREMENT ACCURACY | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Real Power and Energy | IEC 62053-22 Class 0.2S, ANSI C12.20 0.2% | | |
| Reactive Power and Energy | IEC 62053-23 Class 2, 2% | | |
| Current | 0.2% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 1% to 5% of range; | | |
| | 0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 5% to 100% of range | | |
| Voltage | 0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 90 Vac $_{\!\!\!L\!N}$ to 600 Vac $_{\!\!\!L\!L}$ | | |
| Sample Rate | 2520 samples per second; no blind time | | |
| Data Update Rate | 1 sec. | | |
| Type of Measurement | True RMS; one to three phase AC system | | |
| | INPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS | | |
| Measured AC Voltage | Minimum 90 V_{L-N} (156 V_{L-L}) for stated accuracy; | | |
| | UL Maximums: 600 V $_{\rm L-L}$ (347 V $_{\rm L-N}$); CE Maximum: 300 V $_{\rm L-N}$ | | |
| Metering Over-Range | +20% | | |
| Impedance | 2.5 MΩ _{L-N} /5 MΩ _{L-L} | | |
| Frequency Range | 45 to 65 Hz | | |
| | INPUT CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS | | |
| CT Scaling | Primary: Adjustable from 5 A to 32,000 A | | |
| Measurement Input Range | 0 to 0.333 Vac or 0 to 1.0 Vac (+20% over-range), rated for use with Class 1 voltage inputs | | |
| Impedance | 10.6 kΩ (1/3 V mode) or 32.1 kΩ (1 V mode) | | |

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Specifications (cont.)

| CONTROL POWER | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| AC | 5 VA max.; 90V min.; UL Maximums: 600 V _{LL} (347 V _{LN}); CE Maximum: 300 V _{LN} | | | |
| DC* | 3 W max.; UL and CE: 125 to 300 Vdc | | | |
| Ride Through Time | 100 msec at 120 Vac | | | |
| | INPUT | | | |
| Pulse | Solid-state or mechanical contacts (current less than 1 mA) E51H2: 1 pulse input; E51H5: 2 pulse inputs | | | |
| Minimum Pulse Width | 20 msec | | | |
| | OUTPUT | | | |
| Alarm Contacts (E51H2 only) | N.C., static output (30 Vac/dc, 100 mA max. @ 25 °C, | | | |
| | derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25 °C) | | | |
| RS-485 Port | 2-wire, 9600 to 115.2 kbaud, BACnet MS/TP | | | |
| | MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS | | | |
| Weight | 0.62 lb (0.28 kg) | | | |
| IP Degree of Protection (IEC 60529) | IP40 front display; IP20 meter | | | |
| Display Characteristics | Back-lit blue LCD | | | |
| Terminal Block Screw Torque | 0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5 to 0.6 N·m) | | | |
| Terminal Block Wire Size | 24 to 14 AWG (0.2 to 2.1 mm²) | | | |
| Rail | T35 (35mm) DIN Rail per EN 50022 | | | |
| | OPERATING CONDITIONS | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | -30 to 70 °C (-22 to 158 °F) | | | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F) | | | |
| Humidity Range | <95% RH non-condensing | | | |
| Altitude of Operation | 3000 m | | | |
| Mounting Location | Not suitable for wet locations. For indoor use only. | | | |
| | COMPLIANCE INFORMATION | | | |
| US and Canada | CAT III, Pollution Degree 2; for distribution systems up to $347V_{_{LN}}$ /600Vac $_{_{LL}}$ | | | |
| CE | CAT III, Pollution Degree 2; for distribution systems up to 300V _{LN} | | | |
| Dielectric Withstand | Per UL 508, IEC/EN 61010-1 | | | |
| Conducted and Radiated Emissions | FCC part 15 Class B, EN 55011/EN 61000 Class B (residential and light industrial) | | | |
| Conducted and Radiated Immunity | EN 61000 Class A (heavy industrial) | | | |
| US and Canada (cULus) | UL 508 (open type device)/CSA 22.2 No. 14-05 | | | |
| Europe (CE) | IEC/EN 61010-1 | | | |
| * Eutornal DC current limiting is required as | | | | |

* External DC current limiting is required, see fuse recommendations.



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E51H2, E51H5 Installation Guide



0.3"

(8 mm)

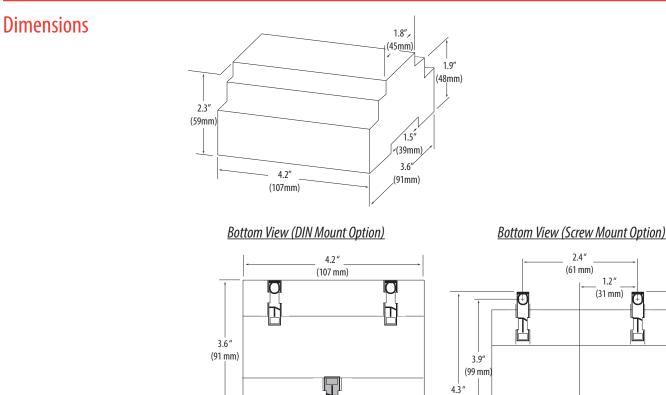
0.4"

(10 mm)

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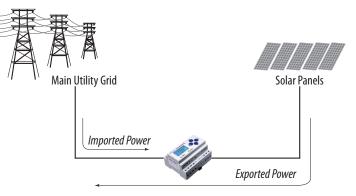
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Application Example

0.2" (4 mm) t



(109 mm)

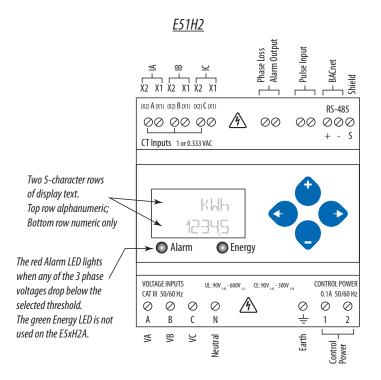


Data Outputs

Full Data Set (FDS): Power (kW) Energy (kWh) Configurable for CT & PT ratios, system type, and passwords Diagnostic alerts Current: 3-phase average Volts: 3-phase average Current: by phase average Volts: by phase Line-Line and Line-Neutral Power: Real, Reactive, and Apparent 3-phase total and per phase Power Factor: 3-phase average and per phase Frequency Power Demand: Most Recent and Peak Demand Configuration: Fixed, Rolling Block, and External Sync Real Time Clock: uses BACnet Time Synchronization services

Data Logging (E51H5 only; includes all FDS outputs, plus): 3 BACnet Log_Events: each buffer holds 5760 time-stamped 32-bit entries (User configures which 3 data points are stored in these buffers) User configurable logging interval (When configured for a 15 minute interval, each buffer holds 60 days of data) Continuous and Single Shot logging modes: user selectable

Product Diagram

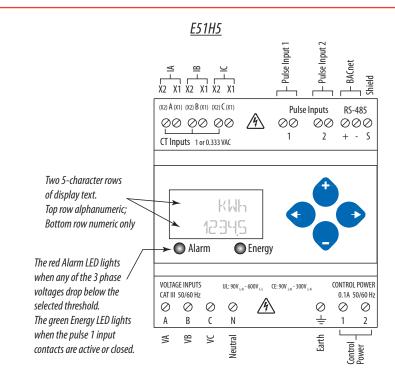


E51H2, E51H5 Installation Guide

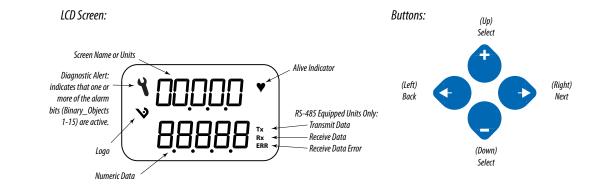
Product Diagram

(cont.)





Display Screen Diagram





Installation

/ Disconnect power prior to installation.

🖄 Reinstall any covers that are displaced during the installation before powering the unit.

///> Mount the meter in an appropriate electrical enclosure near equipment to be monitored.

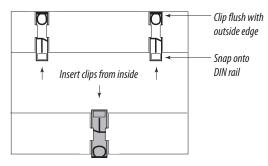
Do not install on the load side of a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD), aka Variable Speed Drive (VSD) or Adjustable Frequency Drive (AFD).

Observe correct CT orientation.

The meter can be mounted in two ways: on standard 35 mm DIN rail or screw-mounted to the interior surface of the enclosure.

A. DIN Rail Mounting

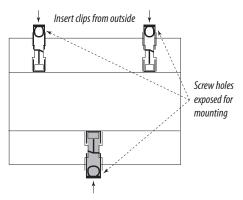
- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the inside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the outside edge of the clip must be flush with the outside edge of the housing.
- 2. Snap the clips onto the DIN rail. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



3. To reduce horizontal shifting across the DIN rail, use two Veris AV02 end stop clips.

B. Screw Mounting

- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the outside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the screw hole must be exposed on the outside of the housing.
- 2. Use three #8 screws (not supplied) to mount the meter to the inside of the enclosure. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



Supported System Types

The E51Hx power meters have a number of different possible system wiring configurations (see Wiring Diagrams, page 5). To configure the meter, set the System Type via the User Interface or by writing the Present_Value of AV2 with the System Type value in the table below. The System Type tells the meter which of its current and voltage inputs are valid, which are to be ignored, and if neutral is connected. Setting the correct System Type prevents unwanted energy accumulation on unused inputs, selects the formula to calculate the Theoretical Maximum System Power, and determines which phase loss algorithm is to be used. The phase loss algorithm is configured as a percent of the Line-to-Line System Voltage (except when in System Type 10) and also calculates the expected Line to Neutral voltages for system types that have Neutral (12 & 40).

Values that are not valid in a particular System Type will display as "----" on the User Interface or as QNAN in the BACnet objects.

| | (| Ts | Vol | tage Conn | ections | Syste | m Type | Phase | e Loss Meası | irements | Wiring Diagram |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|-----|------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of wires | Qty | ID | Qty | ID | Туре | BACnet object AV2 | User Interface: SETUP>S SYS | VLL | VLN | Balance | Diagram number |
| Single-Pha | se Wiring | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1 | А | 2 | A, N | L-N | 10 | 1L + 1n | | AN | | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | А | 2 | A, B | L-L | 11 | 2L | AB | | | 2 |
| 3 | 2 | A, B | 3 | A, B, N | L-L with N | 12 | 2L + 1n | AB | AN, BN | AN-BN | 3 |
| Three-Phas | e Wiring | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 3 | A, B, C | 3 | A, B, C | Delta | 31 | 3L | AB, BC, CA | | AB-BC-CA | 4 |
| 4 | 3 | А, В, С | 4 | A, B, C, N | Grounded Wye | 40 | 3L + 1n | AB, BC, CA | AN, BN, CN | AN-BN-CN & AB-BC-CA | 5,6 |

Wiring Symbols

To avoid distortion, use parallel wires for control power and voltage inputs.

The following symbols are used in the wiring diagrams on the following pages.

| Symbol | Description |
|----------|---|
| | Voltage Disconnect Switch |
| | Fuse (installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with local requirements. No fuses are included with the meter.) |
| | Earth ground |
| X1 X2 | Current Transducer |
| | Potential Transformer |
| | Protection containing a voltage disconnect switch with a fuse or disconnect circuit breaker. The protection device must be rated for the available short-circuit current at the connection point. |

CAUTION

RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- This product is designed only for use with 1V or 0.33V current transducers (CTs).
- DO NOT USE CURRENT OUTPUT (e.g. 5A) CTs ON THIS PRODUCT.
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.



Wiring

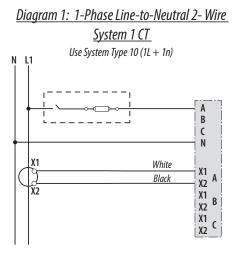


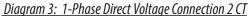
RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR PERMANENT EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

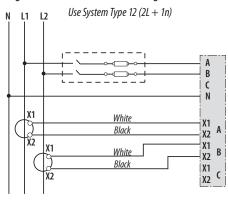
CT terminals are referenced to the meter's neutral and may be at elevated voltages:

- \cdot Do not contact meter terminals while the unit is connected
- Do not connect or short other circuits to the CT terminals
- Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage.

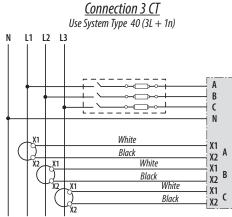
Observe correct CT orientation.











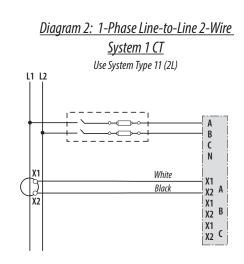


Diagram 4: 3-Phase 3-Wire 3 CT no PT

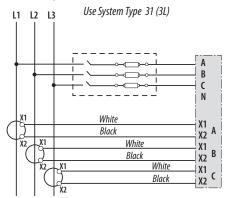
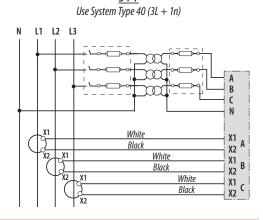


Diagram 6: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Connection 3 CT 3 PT

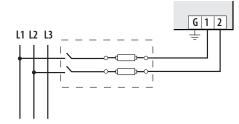


E51H2, E51H5 Installation Guide



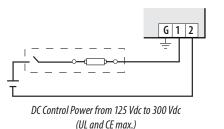
Control Power Diagrams





Line to Line from 90 VAC to 600 VAC (UL). In UL installations the lines may be floating (such as a delta). If any lines are tied to an earth (such as a corner grounded delta), see the Line to Neutral installation limits. In CE compliant installations, the lines must be neutral (earth) referenced at less than 300 VAC, w

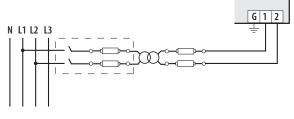




Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Neutral)

Line to Neutral from 90 VAC to 347 VAC (UL) or 300 VAC (CE)

Control Power Transformer (CPT) Connection



The Control Power Transformer may be wired L-N or L-L. Output to meet meter input requirements

Fuse Recommendations

Keep the fuses close to the power source (obey local and national code requirements).

For selecting fuses and circuit breakers, use the following criteria:

- Select current interrupt capacity based on the installation category and fault current capability.
- Select over-current protection with a time delay.
- Select a voltage rating sufficient for the input voltage applied.
- Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting means to protect the wiring. For AC installations, use Veris AH02, AH03, AH04, or equivalent. For DC installations, provide external circuit protection. Suggested: 0.5 A, time delay fuses.
- The earth connection (G) is required for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and is not a protective earth ground.



Quick Setup Instructions

Use this section to enter:

- BACnet communication parameters
- CT (Current Transducer) output voltage and input current ranges
- The service type to be monitored

These instructions assume the meter is set to factory defaults. If it has been previously configured, check all optional values.

A. To Navigate to the Setup screens:

- 1. Press 🔮 or 🗢 repeatedly until SETUP screen appears.
- 2. Press to get to the PRSLID screen.
- 3. Press ◆ to move through the digits. Use the � or ♥ buttons to enter your password (the default is 00000).
- 4. Press 📀 to move to the first Setup screen (S BRC)
- 5. Use or to select the parameter screen you want to set.
- 6. After you set the parameters you want, use 🗢 or 🗢 to select the next Setup screen or <> to exit the Setup screens (return to SETUP).

B. To Enter BACnet communication parameters

- 1. Navigate to the **S BRC** (set BACnet) Setup screen (see section A above).
- 2. Press 📀 to go to the **FIRC** screen and through the address digits. Use 🔮 or 🗢 to select the BACnet MAC address (default is OOI).
- 3. Press 📀 to accept the value and go to the KBRUD screen. Use 🔮 or 🤤 to select the baud rate (default is 36.8K).
- 4. Press ◆ to go to the IDI screen and through the upper four digits of the Device Instance. Use ◆ or ← to select the ID digits. The setup screen splits the Device ID into two parts, the most significant four digits (ID1) and the least significant three digits (ID2). The E51Hx supports BACnet Device ID values from 1 to 4,193,999. Units are shipped with a factory default setting that is pseudo-randomly generated in the range from 1,000,000 to 3,097,151.
- 5. Press Sto accept the value and go to the ID2 screen and through the lower three digits of the Device Instance. Use or to select the ID digits.
- 6. Press ◆ to accept the value and go back to the S BRC screen.

C. To Enter the CT (current transducer) output voltage and input current ranges:

- 1. Navigate to the S CT (Set Current Transducer) Setup screen (see section A above).
- 2. Press 📀 to go to the CT 🖌 screen. Use 😉 or 🗢 to select the voltage mode Current Transducer output voltage (default is 1.00).
- 3. Press Sto go to the CT SZ screen and through the digits. Use Store to select the CT size in amps (default is 100). accept the value and
- 4. Press \bigcirc to accept the value and go back to the \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc screen.

D. To Enter the service type to be monitored:

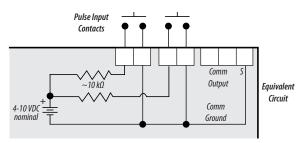
- 1. Navigate to the **S SYS** (Set System) Setup screen (see section A above).
- 2. Press Sto go to the SYSTM screen. Use Store to select the configuration (see wiring diagrams default is 3LM-IN).
- 3. Press
 ◆ to go back to the S SYS screen.

For full setup instructions, see the configuration instructions on the following pages.

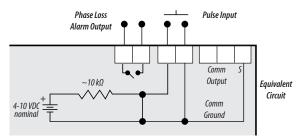


Pulse Contact Inputs

The E51H5 has two inputs with pulse accumulators for solid state or mechanical contacts in other sensors, such as water or gas flow meters. These inputs are isolated from the measured circuits and referenced to the communication signal ground. Use with contacts that do not require current to remove oxidation.



The E51H2 has one input with pulse accumulator as described above, and one phase loss alarm output terminal.



User Interface (UI) Menu Abbreviations Defined

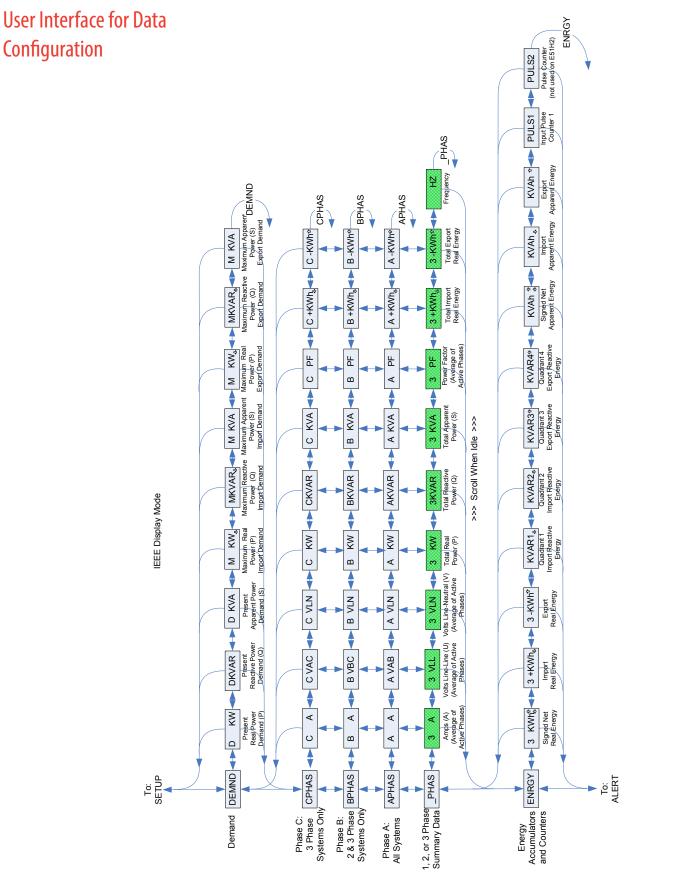
The user can set the display mode to either IEC or IEEE notation in the SETUP menu.

| Main Menu | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| IEC | IEEE | Description | | |
| D | D | Demand | | |
| MAX | М | Maximum Demand | | |
| Р | W | Present Real Power | | |
| Q | VAR | Present Reactive Power | | |
| S | VA | Present Apparent Power | | |
| A | А | Amps | | |
| UAB, UBC, UAC | VAB, VBC, VAC | Voltage Line to Line | | |
| ۷ | VLN | Voltage Line to Neutral | | |
| PF | PF | Power Factor | | |
| U | VLL | Voltage Line to Line | | |
| HZ | HZ | Frequency | | |
| KSh | KVAh | Accumulated Apparent Energy | | |
| KQh | KVARh | Accumulated Reactive Energy | | |
| KPh | KWh | Accumulated Real Energy | | |
| PLOSS | PLOSS | Phase Loss | | |
| LOWPF | LOWPF | Low Power Factor Error | | |

| Main Menu | | | | |
|-----------|--------|---|--|--|
| IEC | IEEE | Description | | |
| F ERR | F ERR | Frequency Error | | |
| IOVR | I OVR | Over Current | | |
| V OVR | V OVR | Over Voltage | | |
| PULSE | PULSE | kWh Pulse Output Overrun (configuration error) | | |
| _PHASE | _PHASE | Summary Data for 1, 2, or 3 active phases | | |
| ALERT | ALERT | Diagnostic Alert Status | | |
| INFO | INFO | Unit Information | | |
| MODEL | MODEL | Model Number | | |
| 0S | 0S | Operating System | | |
| RS | RS | Reset System | | |
| SN | SN | Serial Number | | |
| RESET | RESET | Reset Data | | |
| PASWD | PASWD | Enter Reset or Setup Password | | |
| ENERG | ENERG | Reset Energy Accumulators | | |
| DEMND | DEMND | Reset Demand Maximums | | |

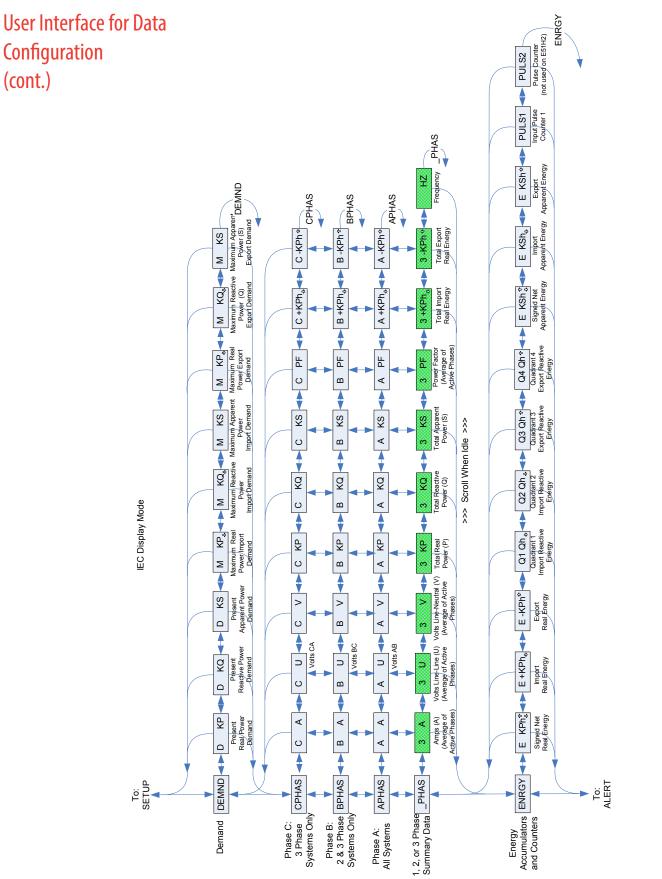
Configuration

ERIS INDUSTRIES



accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

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accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches

to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

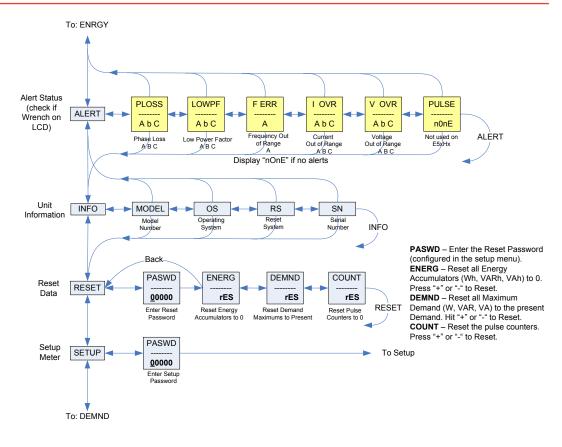
The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the

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E51H2, E51H5 Installation Guide

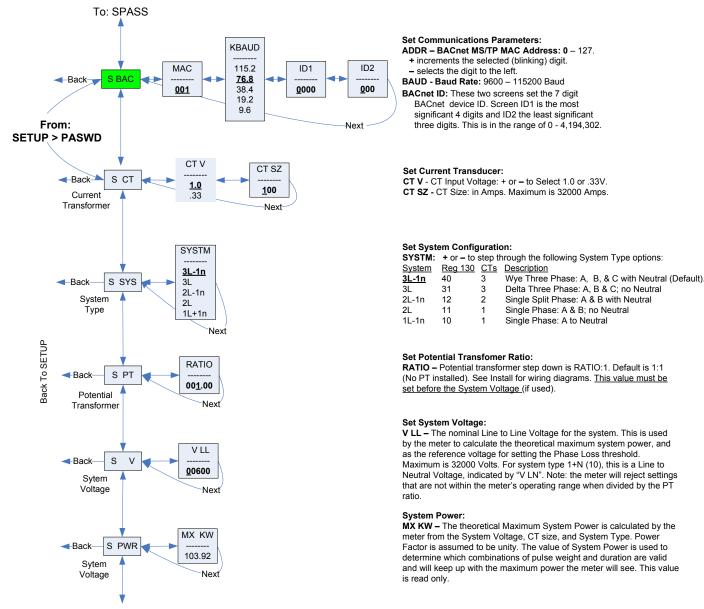
Alert/Reset Information



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UI for Setup



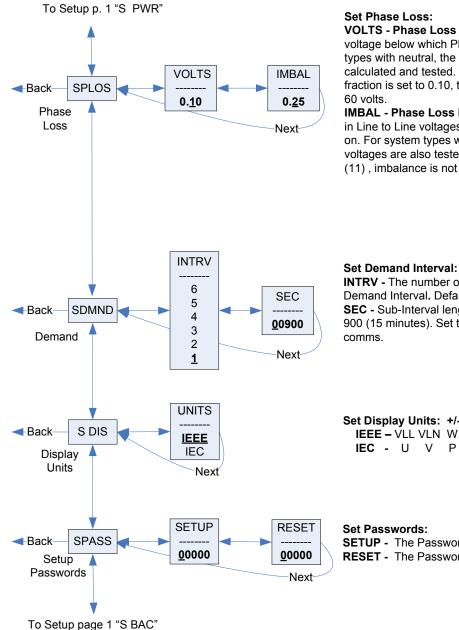
To Setup p. 2 "SPLOS"

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Note: Bold is the Default.



UI for Setup (cont.)



Set Phase Loss:

VOLTS - Phase Loss Voltage: The fraction of the system voltage below which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltage is also calculated and tested. If the System Voltage is 600 and the fraction is set to 0.10, then the Phase Loss threshold will be 60 volts.

IMBAL - Phase Loss Imbalance: The fractional difference in Line to Line voltages above which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltages are also tested. For system types 1+N (10) and 2 (11), imbalance is not tested.

INTRV - The number of Sub-Intervals (1 to 6) in a Demand Interval. Default is 1 (block demand). SEC - Sub-Interval length in seconds. Default is 900 (15 minutes). Set to 0 for external sync-tocomms.

| Set Display Units: | | | +/- to switch between: | | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|----|--------|
| IEEE - | VLL | VLN | W | VAR | VA | Units. |
| IEC - | U | V | Ρ | Q | S | Units. |

Set Passwords:

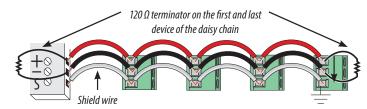
SETUP - The Password to enter the SETUP menu. **RESET -** The Password to enter the RESET menu.



RS-485 Communications

Daisy-chaining Devices to the Power Meter

The RS-485 slave port allows the power meter to be connected in a daisy chain with up to 63 2-wire devices.

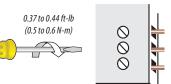


Notes

- The terminal's voltage and current ratings are compliant with the requirements of the EIA RS-485 communications standard.
- The RS-485 transceivers are ¼ unit load or less.
- RS-485+ has a 47 k Ω pull up to +5V, and RS-485- has a 47 k Ω pull down to Shield (RS-485 signal ground).
- Wire the RS-485 bus as a daisy chain from device to device, without any stubs. Use 120 Ω termination resistors at each end of the bus (not included).
- Shield is not internally connected to Earth Ground.
- Connect Shield to Earth Ground somewhere on the RS-485 bus.

For all terminals:

- When tightening terminals, apply the correct torque: 0.37 to 0.44 ft·lb (0.5-0.6 N·m).
- Use 14-24 gauge (2.1-0.2 mm²) wire.



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BACnet Default Settings

| Setting | Default Value* | BACnet Object |
|---|--|---------------|
| Setup Password | 00000 | n/a |
| Reset Password | 00000 | n/a |
| System Type | 40 (3 + N) Wye | AV2 |
| CT Primary Ratio | 100A | AV3 |
| CT Secondary Ratio | 1V | AV4 |
| PT Ratio | 1:1 (none) | AV5 |
| System Voltage | 600 V L-L | AV6 |
| Max. Theoretical Power | Calculated from AV2, AV3, AV5 & AV6 (with all default settings, this would be 103.92 kW) | AI45 |
| Display Mode | 1 (IEEE Units) | AV7 |
| Phase Loss Voltage Threshold | 10% of System Voltage | AV8 |
| Phase Loss Voltage Threshold | 25% Phase to Phase Imbalance | AV9 |
| Demand: number of subintervals per interval | 1 (block mode) | AV10 |
| Demand: sub-interval length | 900 sec (15 min) (AV11 default value is 90000 [1/100 seconds]) | AV11 |
| BACnet MAC Address | 001 | n/a |
| BACnet MS/TP Baud Rate | 76.8 kBaud | n/a |
| BACnet MS/TP Max_Master | 127 | Device |
| BACnet Device_ID | Pseudo-random value from 1,000,000 to 3,097,151 | Device |
| BACnet Device Location | Installed location not yet identified | Device |
| Trend_Log Object 1 Log_Device_Object_Property ** | AI2 (Real Energy Import) | TL1 |
| Trend_Log Object 2 Log_Device_Object_Property ** | AI3 (Real Energy Export) | TL2 |
| Trend_Log Object 3 Log_Device_Object_Property ** | Al19 (Total Real Power Present Demand) | TL3 |

* Default values are preset at the factory. Once changed, there is no way to automatically reset defaults. They must be restored individually. The baud rate and MAC address are set through the user-interface screens, and the others are set by re-writing each Object (see BACnet Programming Information section, next page).

** These values are available only on the E51H5. The E51H2 does not support the data logging functions.



BACnet Programming Information

The E51Hx is programmable via BACnet protocol and can easily be connected to a BACnet MS/TP network using an off-the shelf BACnet router. It uses five types of BACnet objects. A standard PICS (below) describes the required characteristics of the BACnet implementation, but this additional descriptive context may be helpful to the integrator.

In addition to the required properties, the device object utilizes some optional properties to support other functionality, Time Synchronization (primarily used for data/trend logging on the device) and Description and Location properties to simplify installation and maintenance. Configure all of the meter's functions, other than Data Logging and writable Device Properties, by writing the Present_Value of the 11 Analog_Value objects. These values (except for the configuration register, AV1, which always returns zero when read) are all readable and stored in nonvolatile memory so that they are retained if power to the device is interrupted.

Data values other than log information and alerts are all accessed by reading the Present_Value of the 52 Analog_Input objects. Most of these values are instantaneous readings of measured service parameters. Some of them, (AI1-AI10, AI22-AI27, AI31-AI54, AI76-AI78) represent accumulated values and are stored in nonvolatile memory as well. If power to the device is interrupted, these values are retained, but no additional information accumulates until the device completes its re-initialization.

Alerts are used to indicate conditions of potential concern to the installer or the system, such as input voltage or current on any phase that exceeds the meter's measurement range, phase voltage below the Phase Loss Threshold set by the user, or Power Factor below 0.5 on any phase. Alerts are accessible individually by reading the Present_Value of the Binary_Input objects or as a group by reading the Present_Value of Analog_Input object 52. Alerts are not latched and do not generate events to system. They indicate presence of these conditions at the time they are read, but the device does not latch and store them until they are read (if the condition changes before they are read, the alert will go away).

All Analog_Value, Analog_Input, and Binary_Input objects implement the reliability property and use it to indicate that the Present_Value properties are functional, valid and current. For complete assurance, check the Reliability property for a No_Fault_ Detected status before reading the Present_Value of any AV, AI or BI objects.

The E51H5 includes data logging capability, which is implemented using three Trend_Log objects. These are described in more detail in the section on data logging.

BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS)

| Date: | January 1, 2013 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Vendor Name: | Veris Industries, LLC |
| Product Name: | E51Hx Energy Meter |
| Product Model Number: | E51Hx |
| Applications Software Version: | 1 |
| Firmware Revision: | X.XXX |
| BACnet Protocol Revision: | 4 |
| Product Description: | 3-phase electrical energy meter |
| | |

BACnet Standardized Device Profile (Annex L): BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC)

List all BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported (Annex K): DS-RP-B, DS-RPM-B, DS-WP-B, DM-DDB-B, DM-DOB-B, DM-DCC-B, T-VMT-I-B (E51H5), DM-TS-B, DM-RD-B

Segmentation Capability: Segmentation not supported



| BACnet Programming | Standard Object Types Supported: No dynamic Creation or Deletion supported; no proprietary properties or object types | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Information (cont.) | 1. Device Object: | | | | | |
| | Optional Properties Supported: Max_Master, Max_Info_Frames, Description, Location, Local_Time, Local_Date Writable Properties: Object_Identifier, Object_Name, Max_Master, Location Property Range Restrictions: Object_Identifier — May only write values from 1 to 4,193,999; Location — (limited to 64 characters); Max_Master — May only write values from 1 to 127 | | | | | |
| | 2. Analog_Input Objects: | | | | | |
| | Optional Properties Supported: Description, Reliability No Writable Properties. | | | | | |
| | 3. Analog_Value Objects: | | | | | |
| | Optional Properties Supported: Description, Reliability Writable Properties: Only the Present_Value is writable. Property Range Restrictions: AV1: May only write 30078, 21211, 21212 and 16498. AV2: May only write 10, 11, 12, 31 and 40. AV3: May only write values from 5 to 32000. AV4: May only write values from 0.01 to 320.0 AV4: May only write values from 0.01 to 320.0 AV6: May only write values such that AV6/AV5 is from 82 to 660 (absolute range is 82-32000). To ensure AV6 accepts/rejects the proper values, set AV5 first. AV7: May only write values 0 and 1. AV8: May only write values from 1 to 99. AV9: May only write values from 1 to 99. AV9: May only write values from 1 to 6. AV11: May only write the value 0 or a value from 1000 to 3276700 in multiples of 100. The Present Demand values (Al19-Al21) and the Record_Count of the Trend_Logs (TL1 to TL3) are reset when this object is written (E51H5 only). | | | | | |
| | 4. Binary_Input Objects: | | | | | |
| | Optional Properties Supported: Description, Reliability No Writable Properties | | | | | |
| | 5. Trend_Log Objects (E51H5 only): | | | | | |
| | Optional Properties Supported: Description, Writable Properties: Log_Enable, Start_Time, Stop_Time, Log_DeviceObjectProperty, Log_Interval, Stop_When_Full, Record_Count Property Range Restrictions: Log_DeviceObjectProperty: May only be set to the Present_Value of local objects AI1 through AI75 (only the Present_ Value of objects AI1 through AI75 may be logged). Log_Interval: May only write the value 0 or values from 1000 to 3276700 in multiples of 100. | | | | | |
| | Data Link Layer Options: MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800, 115200 | | | | | |
| | Device Address Binding: Static device binding is not supported. (No client functionality is included). | | | | | |
| | Networking Options: None | | | | | |
| | Character Sets Supported: ANSI X3.4 | | | | | |

VERIS INDUSTRIES

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Legend

R=read only; R/W=read or write

NV Units

R/W

Value is stored in non-volatile memory. The value are still available if the meter experiences a power loss and reset. Lists the physical units that a register holds.

Device Object

| Property | R/W | NV | Value Returned | Additional information |
|---------------------------------|-----|----|--|--|
| Object_Identifier | R/W | NV | Device <n></n> | n is the 7 digit ID # set in the ID1 & ID2 setup screens on the meter. The BACnet Device ID is a decimal number from 1 to 4,193,999 that can be entered or viewed on the user screens or through this property. The default value set at the factory is a psuedo- random number from 1,000,000 to 3,097,151 to reduce the likelihood of conflicts if multiple units are installed using their default IDs. |
| Object_Type | R | NV | Device (8) | |
| Object_Name | R | NV | Veris E51 Series Energy Meter - S/N: <serial number></serial | |
| Vendor_Name | R | NV | Veris Industries, LLC | |
| Vendor_Identifier | R | NV | 133 | |
| Model_Name | R | NV | E51Hx Energy Meter | |
| Firmware_Revision | R | NV | <current #="" revision=""></current> | "xyyy". This is the BACnet processor firmware version in the format <xyyy>, with an implied decimal point between the first two digits (x.yyy)</xyyy> |
| Application_Software_Version | R | NV | <current #="" version=""></current> | "RS= xyyy, OS=xyyy, BACnet Gateway=xyyy" The format <xyyy> has an implied decimal point between the first two digits (x.yyy)</xyyy> |
| Location | R/W | NV | <location></location> | Limted to 64 Characters - Default value is "Installed location not yet identified" |
| Description | R | NV | Veris E51Hx DIN-Rail Energy Meter S/N: <serial number=""></serial> | |
| Protocol_Version | R | NV | 1 | BACnet Protocol Version 1 |
| Protocol_Revsion | R | NV | 4 | BACnet Protocol Revision 4 |
| Local_Date | R | | Date | Set via BACnet Time Synchronization only - reverts to Jan 1, 2000 if control power drops |
| Local_Time | R | | Time | Set via BACnet Time Synchronization only - reverts to 12:00:00 AM if control power drops |
| Segmentation_Supported | R | NV | NO_SEGMENTATION (3) | Segmentation is not supported |
| Max_Master | R/W | NV | 1-127 (Factory Default is 127) | Highest possible MAC Address for Master nodes on the local MS/TP network |
| Max_Info_Frames | R | NV | 1 | Maximum number of information frames allowed before passing the MS/TP token |
| Max_APDU_Length_Accepted | R | NV | 480 | |
| APDU_Timeout | R | NV | 60000 | |
| Number_of_APDU_Retries | R | NV | 0 | |
| System_Status | R | NV | Operational (0) | |
| Protocol_Sevices_Supported | R | NV | 0b00000000000101101000000000000 011110000 | |
| Protocol_Object_Types_Supported | R | NV | 0b101100001000000000001000000000 | |



Device Object (cont.)

| Property | R/W | NV | Value Returned | Additional information |
|------------------------|-----|----|---|--|
| Object_List | R | NV | DE1,AI1,AI2,AI3,AI4,AI5,AI6,AI7,AI8,AI9,AI1 0,AI11,AI12,AI13,AI14,AI15,AI6,AI7,AI8,AI9,AI1 8,AI19,AI20,AI21,AI22,AI23,AI24,AI25,AI2 6,AI27,AI28,AI29,AI30,AI31,AI32,AI33,AI3 4,AI35,AI36,AI37,AI38,AI39,AI40,AI41,AI4 2,AI43,AI44,AI45,AI46,AI47,AI48,AI49,AI5 0,AI51,AI52,AI53,AI54,AI55,AI56,AI57, AI58,AI59,AI60,AI61,AI62,AI63,AI64, AI65,AI66,AI67,AI68,AI69,AI70,AI71, AI72,AI73,AI74,AI75,AI76,AI77,AI78, AI79,AI80,AI81,AI82,AI83,AV1,AV2,AV3, AV4,AV5,AV6,AV7,AV8,AV9,AV10,AV11,BI1 ,BI2,BI3,BI4,BI5,BI6,BI7,BI8,BI9,BI10,BI11, BI12,BI13,BI14,BI15,TL1,TL2,TL3 | BI15, TL1, TL2, and TL3 are present on the E51H5 only. |
| Device_Address_Binding | R | NV | 8 | |
| Database_Revsion | R | NV | 0 | |

Analog_Value Objects

Use the Present_Value property of the Analog_Value object for all writable variables in the meter other than those used specifically for BACnet configuration, Time Synchronization (in the Device Object), or Data Logging (in the Trend_Log objects).

Values are checked when written, and errors are returned for invalid entries. This table describes how the meter uses those variables, what values are valid, and what their defaults are. When writing values to the Present_Value properties of Analog_Value BACnet objects, there is a delay of up to about two seconds to validate and store the new value. An immediate read of the same property before that delay has elapsed can return the prior value (even if the new value was accepted). To read a value immediately after writing it, check the Reliability property first. When it reports a No_Fault_Detected status, the Present_Value of the object is current.

These objects support the Description and Reliability object properties and all required Analog_Value object properties, but Present_Value is the only writable property.

| # | Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Factory Default Value | Additional information |
|-----|------------------------|-------------------------|-----|----|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| AV1 | Config | Configuration | R/W | | n/a | n/a | Always returns "0" when read | Command Register: - Write 30078 (0x757E) to clear all energy accumulators to 0 (All). - Write 21211 (0x52DB) to begin new Demand Sub-Interval calculation cycle and log another data value on Trend_Log objects TL1-TL3 (when the meter is in Manual "Sync- to Comms" mode). This takes effect at the end of the next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every 10 seconds. Trend_Log values are only present on the E51H5 model. - Write 21212 (0x52DC) to reset Max Demand values to Present Demand Values. Takes effect at the end of the next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every 10 seconds. - Write 16498 (0x4072) to clear pulse counters to 0. |
| AV2 | System_Type | System Type | R/W | NV | n/a | 40, 31, 12, 11, 10 | 40 | System_Type: - Write 10 for Single-Phase: A + N - Write 11 for Single-Phase: A + B - Write 12 for Split-Phase: A + B + N - Write 31 for 3-Phase Δ: A + B + C, no N - Write 40 for 3-Phase Y: A + B + C + N |
| AV3 | CT_Ratio_ Primary | CT Ratio - Primary | R/W | NV | Amps | 5-32000 | 100 | Current Transducer Size - Primary Current Range (Default is set for 100 A CTs) |
| AV4 | CT_Ratio_ Secondary | CT Ratio - Secondary | R/W | NV | 1/Volts | 1,3 | 1 | Current Transducer Type — Secondary Interface - Enter 1 for CTs with 1V outputs (Default) - Enter 3 for CTs with 1/3V outputs |

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Analog_Value Objects (cont.)

| # | Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Factory Default Value | Additional information |
|------|--|---|-----|----|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| AV5 | PT_Ratio | PT Ratio | R/W | NV | Value | 0.01 - 320.0 | 1 | Potential Transformer Ratio - The default is 1.00 (1:1), which is no PT attached. Set this value before setting the System Voltage (below). |
| AV6 | System_ Voltage | System Voltage | R/W | NV | Volts | from 82 (times the PT_Ratio in AV5) to 660 (times the PT_Ratio in AV5 - absolute limits are 82-32000) | 600 | System Voltage – This voltage is Line to Line unless in System Type 10 (in object AV2), in which case it is Line to Neutral. This value is used to by the meter to calculate the full scale power for the analog outputs and pulse configuration (see below), and as full scale for phase loss (in object AV8). Do not set the meter to voltages outside the range of 82-660 volts times the PT Ratio in object AV5. |
| AV7 | Display_ Units | Display Units | R/W | NV | n/a | 0,1 | 1 | Display Units: 0 = IEC (U, V, P, Q, S), 1 = IEEE (default: VLL, VLN, W, VAR, VA) |
| AV8 | Phase_Loss_ Voltage_ Threshold | Phase Loss Voltage Threshold | R/W | NV | Percent | 1-99 | 10 | Phase Loss Voltage Threshold in percent of System Voltage (in object AV6). Default is 10 (10%). Any phase (as configured in AV2) whose level drops below this threshold triggers a Phase Loss alert - i.e. if the System voltage is set to 480 V L-L, the L-N voltage for each phase should be 277 V. When the threshold is set to 10%, if any phase drops more than 10% below 277 V, (less than 249 V), or if any L-L voltage drops more than 10% below 480 V (less than 432 V) the corresponding phase loss alarm bit will be true. |
| AV9 | Phase_Loss_ Imbalance_ Threshold | Phase Loss Imbalance Threshold | R/W | NV | Percent | 1-99 | 25 | Phase Loss Imbalance Threshold in Percent. Default is 25% phase to phase difference. For a 3-phase Y (3 + N) system type (40 in object AV2), both Line to Neutral and Line to Line voltages are tested. In a 3-phase Δ System type (31 in object AV2), only Line to Line voltages are examined. In a single split-phase (2 + N) system type (12 in object AV2), only the line to neutral voltage are compared. |
| AV10 | Subintervals | Number of Subintervals Per Demand Interval | R/W | NV | | 1-6 | 1 | Number of Sub-Intervals per Demand Interval. Sets the number of sub-intervals that make a single demand interval. For block demand, set this to 1. Default is 1. When Sub-Interval Length (in object AV11) is set to 0 (sync-to-comms mode), the meter ignores this value. |
| AV11 | Subinterval_ Length | Subinterval Length | R/W | NV | hundreths of a second | 0, 10-32767 | 90000 | Sub-Interval Length in hundredths of a second. For sync-to-comms mode, which allows manual triggerring of demand intervals and the logging of another Trend_Log record, set this value to 0 and write 21211 to the reset register (object AV1) each time the sub-interval must be externally reset. Default is 90000 (15 minutes). This variable is tied directly to the Log_Interval property of all three Trend_Log objects (their value is always the same as this one). Changing any of these four properties changes all of them. Trend_Log values are only used on the E51H5 model. |



Analog_Input Objects

Use the Present_Value property of the Analog_Input objects for all read-only numeric variables in the meter other than those used specifically for device configuration (in the Device Object) or data logging (in the Trend_Log objects). Only the E51H5 supports the data logging capability.

These objects support the Description and Reliability object properties and all required Analog_Input object properties. None of them are writable. The values that are not instantaneous (i.e., Accumulated Energy, Max Demand, Pulse Input Counts) are non-volatile. They are not updated while control power is inactive, but their past values are retained when power is restored. The Present_Value of the accumulated data objects (Al1-Al10 and Al31-Al54) use floating-point data types (all Al objects use floating point data points). The resolution of the accumulated values decreases as the value grows larger over time and more of the significant digits precede the decimal point. If the size of the value limits the resolution unacceptably, read and store the current value offline and reset the accumulators to restore finer resolution.

For complete assurance, check the Reliability property for a No_Fault_Detected status before reading the Present_Value. If the line voltage or input frequency of the system being monitored falls out of the supported range, the corresponding alert bits (BI1-BI7) are set and the reliability property of any values that cannot be accurately measured under those conditions returns Unreliable_Other.

| # | Object Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Additional Information |
|------|--------------------|--|-----|----|-------|----------------------|---|
| AI1 | KWh_Net | Accumulated Real Energy: Net (Import - Export) | R | NV | kWh | -3.4+E38 - 3.4+E38 | |
| AI2 | KWh_Import | Real Energy Import | R | NV | kWh | 0-3.4+E38 | |
| AI3 | KWh_Export | Real Energy Export | R | NV | kWh | 0-3.4+E38 | |
| AI4 | KVARh_Q1 | Reactive Energy Quadrant 1 | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI4 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for KVARh |
| AI5 | KVARh_Q2 | Reactive Energy Quadrant 2 | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI5 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh |
| AI6 | KVARh_Q3 | Reactive Energy Quadrant 3 | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI6 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh |
| AI7 | KVARh_Q4 | Reactive Energy Quadrant 4 | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI7 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh |
| AI8 | Net_KVAh | Apparent Energy: Net (Import - Export) | R | NV | kVAh | -3.4+E38 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI8 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh |
| AI9 | KVAh_Import | Apparent Energy Import | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI9 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh |
| AI10 | KVAh_Export | Apparent Energy Export | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI10 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh |
| AI11 | KW_Total | Total Instantaneous Real Power | R | | kW | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI12 | KVAR_Total | Total Instantaneous Reactive Power | R | | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI13 | KVA_Total | Total Instantaneous Apparent Power | R | | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI14 | PF_Total | Total Power Factor | R | | | -1.00 - 1.00 | |
| AI15 | Volts_LL_Avg | Voltage, L-L, Average of Active Phases | R | | Volts | | |
| AI16 | Volts_LN_Avg | Voltage, L-N, Average of Active Phases | R | | Volts | | |
| AI17 | Current Average | Current, Average of Active Phases | R | | Amps | | |
| AI18 | Frequency | Frequency | R | | Hz | 45.0 - 65.0 | Returns QNAN if frequency is out of range (or no voltage input present on Phase A) |



Analog_Input Objects (cont.)

| # | Object Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Additional Information |
|------|---|--|-----|----|-------|----------------------|--|
| AI19 | KW_Present_ Demand | Total Real Power Present Demand | R | | kW | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI20 | KVAR_ Present_ Demand | Total Reactive Power Present Demand | R | | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (Al76) | |
| AI21 | KVA_Present_ Demand | Total Apparent Power Present Demand | R | | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI22 | KW_Max_ Demand_ Import | Total Real Power Max Demand Import | R | NV | kW | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI23 | KVAR_Max_ Demand_ Import | Total Reactive Power Max Demand Import | R | NV | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (Al76) | |
| AI24 | KVA_Max_ Demand_ Import | Total Apparent Power Max Demand Import | R | NV | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI25 | KW_Max_ Demand_ Export | Total Real Power Max Demand Export | R | NV | kW | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI26 | KVAR_Max_ Demand_ Export | Total Reactive Power Max Demand Export | R | NV | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI27 | KVA_Max_ Demand_ Export | Total Apparent Power Max Demand Export | R | NV | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | |
| AI28 | Reserved_ AI28 | (Reserved_Al28) | R | | | | Returns QNAN or any value |
| AI29 | E51H2: Pulse Count E51H5: Pulse_ Count_1 | E51H2: Pulse Count E51H5: Pulse Count 1 | R | | | 0 - 4294967040 | Running count of contact closures on Pulse Input 1 since last reset. Write 16498 (0x4072) to Present_Value of AV1 to reset both pulse counters to 0 (not used on the E51H5). |
| AI30 | E51H2: Reserved E51H5: Pulse_ Count_2 | E51H2: Reserved E51H5: Pulse Count 2 | R | | | 0 - 4294967040 | E51H2: Reserved E51H5: Pulse Count 2; Running count of contact closures on Pulse2 input since last reset. Write 16498 (0x4072) to the Present_Value property of Analog_ Value object AV1 to reset both Pulse Counters to 0. |
| AI31 | KWh_ Import_A | Real Energy Import Phase A | R | NV | kWh | 0-3.4+E38 | |
| AI32 | KWh_ Import_B | Real Energy Import Phase B | R | NV | kWh | 0-3.4+E38 | |
| AI33 | KWh_ Import_C | Real Energy Import Phase C | R | NV | kWh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | |
| AI34 | KWh_ Export_A | Real Energy Export Phase A | R | NV | kWh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | |
| AI35 | KWh_ Export_B | Real Energy Export Phase B | R | NV | kWh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | |
| AI36 | KWh_ Export_C | Real Energy Export Phase C | R | NV | kWh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | |
| AI37 | KVARh_Q1_A | Reactive Energy Q1 Phase A | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI37 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh |
| AI38 | KVARh_Q1_B | Reactive Energy Q1 Phase b | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI38 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh |



Analog_Input Objects (cont.)

| # | Object Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Additional Information | |
|------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----|-------|----------------------|--|--|
| AI39 | KVARh_Q1_C | Reactive Energy Q1 Phase C | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI39 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI40 | KVARh_Q2_A | Reactive Energy Q2 Phase A | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI40 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI41 | KVARh_Q2_B | Reactive Energy Q2 Phase B | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI41 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI42 | KVARh_Q2_C | Reactive Energy Q2 Phase C | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI42 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI43 | KVARh_Q3_A | Reactive Energy Q3 Phase A | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI43 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI44 | KVARh_Q3_B | Reactive Energy Q3 Phase B | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI44 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI45 | KVARh_Q3_C | Reactive Energy Q3 Phase C | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI45 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI46 | KVARh_Q4_A | Reactive Energy Q4 Phase A | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI46 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI47 | KVARh_Q4_B | Reactive Energy Q4 Phase b | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI47 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI48 | KVARh_Q4_C | Reactive Energy Q4 Phase C | R | NV | kVARh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI48 reports that these units are kWh because the is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVARh | |
| AI49 | KVAh_ Import_A | Apparent Energy Import Phase A | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI49 reports that these units are kWh because ther is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI50 | KVAh_ Import_B | Apparent Energy Import Phase B | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI50 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI51 | KVAh_ Import_C | Apparent Energy Import Phase C | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI51 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI52 | KVAh_ Export_A | Apparent Energy Export Phase A | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI52 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI53 | KVAh_ Export_B | Apparent Energy Export Phase B | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI53 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI54 | KVAh_ Export_C | Apparent Energy Export Phase C | R | NV | kVAh | 0 - 3.4+E38 | The Units property of object AI54 reports that these units are kWh because there is no unit type in the BACnet standard for kVAh | |
| AI55 | KW_A | Real Power Phase A | R | | kW | 0 - Max_Power (Al76) | | |
| AI56 | KW_B | Real Power Phase B | R | | kW | 0 - Max_Power (Al76) | | |
| AI57 | KW_C | Real Power Phase C | R | | kW | 0 - Max_Power (Al76) | | |
| AI58 | KVAR_A | Reactive Power Phase A | R | | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| AI59 | KVAR_B | Reactive Power Phase B | R | | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| AI60 | KVAR_C | Reactive Power Phase C | R | | kVAR | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| Al61 | KVA_A | Apparent Power Phase A | R | | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| Al62 | KVA_B | Apparent Power Phase B | R | | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| Al63 | KVA_C | Apparent Power Phase C | R | | kVA | 0 - Max_Power (AI76) | | |
| Al64 | PF_A | Power Factor Phase A | R | İ | | -1.00 - 1.00 | | |



Analog_Input Objects (cont.)

| # | Object Name | Description | R/W | NV | Units | Range | Additional Information |
|------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|----|-------|--------------|--|
| AI65 | PF_B | Power Factor Phase B | R | | | -1.00 - 1.00 | |
| Al66 | PF_C | Power Factor Phase C | R | | | -1.00 - 1.00 | |
| AI67 | Volts_AB | Voltage Phase A-B | R | | Volts | | |
| AI68 | Volts_BC | Voltage Phase B-C | R | | Volts | | |
| AI69 | Volts_AC | Voltage Phase A-C | R | | Volts | | |
| AI70 | Volts_AN | Voltage Phase A-N | R | | Volts | | |
| AI71 | Volts_BN | Voltage Phase B-N | R | | Volts | | |
| AI72 | Volts_CN | Voltage Phase C-N | R | | Volts | | |
| AI73 | Current_A | Current Phase A | R | | Amps | | |
| AI74 | Current_B | Current Phase B | R | | Amps | | |
| AI75 | Current_C | Current Phase C | R | | Amps | | |
| AI76 | Max_Power | Max Power | R | NV | kW | | |
| AI77 | Reserved_ AI77 | (Reserved AI77) | R | | | | Returns QNAN or any value |
| AI78 | Energy_Resets | Count of Energy_ Resets | R | NV | | | |
| AI79 | Reserved_ AI79 | (Reserved AI79) | R | | | | Returns QNAN or any value |
| A180 | Reserved_ AI80 | (Reserved AI80) | R | | | | Returns QNAN or any value |
| AI81 | Power_Up_ Count | Count of Power Up Cycles | R | NV | | | |
| AI82 | Output_ Config | Output Configuration | R | NV | | 0-15 | E51H2 returns "11" E51H5 returns "10" |
| A183 | Alarm_Bitmap | Alarm Bitmap (all of BI1-BI15) | R | NV | | | |



Binary_Input Objects

Use the Present_Value properties of the Binary_Input objects as alerts for conditions of potential concern regarding to the system measurement. These values are dynamic and are not latched, so if the condition is resolved, the alert will go inactive, whether it has been read or not.

These objects support the Description and Reliability object properties and all required Binary_Input object properties. None of them are writable. For complete assurance, check the Reliability property for a No_Fault_Detected status before reading the Present_Value.

To test the meter's alert status, read the Present_Value of each of the Binary_Input objects representing the alert bits of interest, or read the Present_Value of AI52, which combines all 15 bits into a single decimal value. AI52 represents the status of all 15 Binary_Object alert values in one number that can be read without having to access mulitple objects. The bit value of Object BI1 is the least significant bit and BI15 is the most significant bit (BI15 is only present on the E51H5).

| # | Name | Description | R/W | Range | Additional information |
|------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----|----------------------|---|
| BI1 | Volts_Error_A | Voltage Out of Range Phase A | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase A Input Voltage exceeds meter's measurement range |
| BI2 | Volts_Error_B | Voltage Out of Range Phase B | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase B Input Voltage exceeds meter's measurement range |
| BI3 | Volts_Error_C | Voltage Out of Range Phase C | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase C Input Voltage exceeds meter's measurement range |
| BI4 | Current_Error_A | Current Out of Range Phase A | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase A Current out of range |
| BI5 | Current_Error_A | Current Out of Range Phase B | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase B Current out of range |
| BI6 | Current_Error_A | Current Out of Range Phase C | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase C Current out of range |
| BI7 | Frequency_Error | Frequency Error | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase A Frequency out of range |
| BI8 | Reserved_BI8 | Reserved | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Returns "INACTIVE" |
| BI9 | Phase_Loss_A | Phase Loss Phase A | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase Loss - Phase A voltage dropped below the Phase Loss Threshold set by user |
| BI10 | Phase_Loss_B | Phase Loss Phase B | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase Loss - Phase B voltage dropped below the Phase Loss Threshold set by user |
| BI11 | Phase_Loss_C | Phase Loss Phase C | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase Loss - Phase C voltage dropped below the Phase Loss Threshold set by user |
| BI12 | Power_Factor_A | Low Power Factor Phase A | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase A Power Factor less than 50% (commonly due to mis-wiring of CTs/PTs to meter) |
| BI13 | Power_Factor_B | Low Power Factor Phase B | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase B Power Factor less than 50% (commonly due to mis-wiring of CTs/PTs to meter) |
| BI14 | Power_Factor_C | Low Power Factor Phase C | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Phase C Power Factor less than 50% (commonly due to mis-wiring of CTs/PTs to meter) |
| BI15 | RTC_Reset (E51H5 only) | RTC Reset | R | 0=INACTIVE, 1=ACTIVE | Real-Time Clock reset. This activates when the meter is powered after an interruption (since it does not use a battery backup). It indicates that the real-time clock has re-initialized to a default setting (00:00:00:00 on Jan 1, 2000) and should not be relied upon. The clock runs, the meter operates and even logs data (E51H5 oly), but the date and time are not correct until a Time_Synchronization occurs. |



Data Logging (E51H5 Only)

The E51H5 includes a data logging feature that records three meter parameters, accessible via BACnet using Trend_Log objects. All three Trend_Log objects utilize shared data logging resources in the meter, so all three are controlled in unison. All writable properties other than Log_Device_Property_Object are common to all three Trend_Log obects. Changes to these properties (Log_Enable, Start_Time, Stop_Time, Log_Interval, Stop_When_Full or Record Count) for any one of the objects will be reflected in the corresponding property of all three objects. The Log_Interval property is also common with the Demand_Subinterval (Present_Value of AV11), since logging records are updated synchronously with demand calculations.

Default settings cause logging to begin immediately, with 15 minute intervals and no stop time. When full, the buffer will wrap and overwrite the oldest data first (unless the Stop_When_Full property is used).

Configuration

Use Log_Device_Object_Property to select the meter parameter to log with each object. Set this property to point to Present_ Value property of any of the Analog_Input objects. The default the values for the Log_Device_Object_Property of the three Trend_Log objects are set as follows:

- TL1 = Real Energy Import (Al2 Present_Value)
- TL2 = Real Energy Export (Al3 Present_Value)
- TL3 = Total Real Power Present Demand (AI19 Present_Value)

The Log_Interval (& Demand Subinterval) can be set from 10 seconds to 32767 seconds (values of 1000 to 3276700). The subinterval timer, which determines how often the meter's demand accumulators are updated, also triggers writing to the Trend_Log log buffers. Use the Log_Interval property to set the data logging time subinterval, in units of hundredths of a second (0.01 seconds). The default subinterval is 15 minutes (a value of 90000 in the Log_Interval property). The Buffer_Length is fixed at 5760, so at a 15 minute interval setting, the buffers hold 60 days of data.

Use the Stop_When_Full property to select either Single Shot (Stop_When_Full = TRUE) or Continuous mode (Stop_When_Full = FALSE) for data logging. The default mode is Continuous. In Single Shot mode, the meter records data only until the buffer is full. Data for this time period is kept, but newer energy information is lost. In Continuous mode, the meter continues to record energy data as long as the meter is operating. The buffer can only hold 5760 entries at one time, however, so when the number of records exceeds 5760, the oldest entry is deleted to make room for the newest.

To start data logging with any of the three Trend_Log objects, set the Log_Enable property to TRUE or set the Start_Time and Stop_Time properties appropriately and wait for logging to commence at Start_Time.

By default, the Record_Count property of the Trend_Log objects is initialized to Zero.

Reading Data

Access logged data with corresponding timestamps via the Log_Buffer property of the Trend_Log object using the BACnet ReadRange service. The E51H5 supports both the "by Position" and "by Sequence Number" modes of the ReadRange service, but not the "by Time" mode.



Trend_Log Objects

| Trend_Log Properties Used | R/W | Units | Additional information |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|---|
| Object_Name | R | Trend_Log_ <n></n> | Where n is 1-3 (there are three instances of Trend_Log objects available) |
| Description | R | Trend_Log <n></n> | Where n is 1-3 (there are three instances of Trend_Log objects available) |
| Log_Enable | W | Binary | Set this to TRUE to enable logging or FALSE to disable logging. The default is TRUE. The value is set to FALSE internally if logging stops for other reasons (i.e. buffer is full). |
| Start_Time | W | Date/Time | Sets the Date/Time when data logging will Start (if Log_enable is TRUE). Set to a Date/Time earlier than the Local_Date/Local_Time properites of the Device object and Set Log_Enable TRUE to start logging immediately. |
| Stop_Time | W | Date/Time | Sets the Date/Time when data Logging will STOP (if still running). Stop_Time will be ignored if ""wildcard"" values are used in any of the fields. |
| Log_Device_Object_ Property | W | BACnetDeviceObjectProptertyReference | Set (point) this to the Present_Value of any objects Al1 through Al75 |
| Log_Interval | W | 0.01 seconds | Logging period in hundredths of a second. Default is 90000 (15 minute intervals); minimum value is 1000 (10 seconds). This property can also be set to Zero, which will change all three Trend_Logs and the Demand calculation to a manual mode (sometimes referred to as "Sync to Comms". In manual mode, the demand interval is updated and another record is logged upon a manual command, which is issued by writing the value 21211 to the Present_Value of object AV1. |
| Stop_When_Full | W | Binary | Set this to TRUE to stop logging when the buffer is full (single-shot mode) or FALSE to continue when full (wrap & overwtrite oldest data entries). |
| Buffer_Size | R | 5760 | Length of Log Data buffer (# of records). |
| Log_Buffer | R | List of BACnetLongRecord | Contains the data values logged, with timestamps |
| Record_Count | W | Unsigned 32-bit integer | This is an integer count of how many records logged since the Trend_Log objects were last reset. Writing a Zero to this property resets the logs of all three objects. This value defaults to Zero, but, by default, logging will start automatically at 15 minute intervals. |
| Total_Record_Count | R | Unsigned 32-bit integer | This is an integer count of how many records logged since the Trend_Log objects were created (the factory state of the meter). This count is unaffected by resetting the Record Count or by power failures. |
| Event_State | R | Binary | |

E51H2, E51H5 Installation Guide



Troubleshooting

| Problem | Cause | Solution | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| The maintenance wrench icon appears in the power meter display. | There is a problem with the inputs to the power meter. | See the Alert sub-menu or the Diagnostic Alert BACnet Binary_Input objects | | |
| The display is blank after applying control power to the meter. | The meter is not receiving adequate power. | Verify that the meter control power is receiving the required voltage. Verify that the heart icon is blinking. Check the fuse. | | |
| | Incorrect setup values | Verify the values entered for power meter setup parameters (CT and PT ratings, system type, etc.). See the Setup section. | | |
| The data displayed is inaccurate. | Incorrect voltage inputs | Check power meter voltage input terminals to verify adequate voltage. | | |
| | Power meter is wired improperly. | Check all CTs and PTs to verify correct connection, PT polarity, and adequate power. See the Wiring Diagrams section for more information. | | |
| | Power meter address is incorrect. | Verify that the meter is correctly addressed. See the Setup section. | | |
| Cannot communicate | Power meter baud rate is incorrect. | Verify that the baud rate of the meter matches that of all other devices on its communications link (see Setup section). | | |
| with power meter from a remote personal computer. | Communications lines are improperly connected. | Verify the power meter communications connections. See the Communications section. Verify the terminating resistors are properly installed on both ends of a chain of units. Do not use a terminator on units in the middle of a chain. Verify shield ground connection between all units. | | |

China RoHS Compliance Information -Environment Friendly Use Period (EFUP) Table

| 部件名称有害物质 - Hazardous Substances | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Part Name 铅 (Pb) 汞 (Hg) 镉 (Cd) 六价铬 (Cr (VI)) 多溴联苯 (PBB) 多溴二苯醚 (PBDE) | | | | | | | | | |
| 电子件 Electronic | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |

本表格依据SJ/T11364的规定编制。

O:表示该有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在GB/T 26572规定的限量要求以下。

X:表示该有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出GB/T 26572规定的限量要求。

(企业可在此处,根据实际情况对上表中打[×]的技术原因进行进一步说明。)

This table is made according to SJ/T 11364.

O: indicates that the concentration of hazardous substance in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit as stipulated in GB/T 26572.

X: indicates that concentration of hazardous substance in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit as stipulated in GB/T 26572

Z000057-0B